

Put an End to Powdery Mildew

You can count on PROLIVO® Fungicide to protect your crop, enhancing yields and quality

For use in wine grapes, table grapes and raisins, PROLIVO protects your crop in multiple ways:

- Excellent preventative activity. PROLIVO stops Powdery Mildew at the onset of the disease epidemic.
- Through redistribution on the leaf surface and vapor activity, PROLIVO offers additional disease protection to untreated leaf and fruit surfaces.
- PROLIVO inhibits both lesion formation and prevents sporulation.
- PROLIVO has demonstrated excellent rainfastness.

Used as a preventative treatment, apply PROLIVO beginning with initial flowering or when conditions are favorable for disease development. PROLIVO can be used at rates of 4–5 fluid ounces per acre on a 14 day spray schedule dependent on disease conditions.

PROLIVO activity can be improved with the addition of an organosilicant, non-ionic, or mixture adjuvant when used at the rates specified on the adjuvant label.

Make PROLIVO a key part of your powdery mildew disease control program today.

Always read and follow label directions.

PROLIVO fungicide is sold exlucsively through Helena Agri-Enterprises and Tenkoz member companies.

To learn more, visit us at www.summitagro-usa.com or call us at 984-260-0407.

PROLIVO 300SC Fungicide, a group 50 fungicide, provides preventative disease control of Powdery Mildew in Caneberry Crop Subgroup 13-07A; Bushberry Crop Subgroup 13-07B; Small Fruit Vine Climbing Crop Subgroup 13-07D; Low Growing Berry Crop Subgroup 13-07G, (except cranberry) and Cucurbit vegetables (Crop Group 9). The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) for Prolivo is 12 hours. The Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) for all crops is 0 days. Active ingredient: Pyriofenone.

PROLIVO is an invention and registered trademark of Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha, Ltd., and is manufactured and developed by ISK Biosciences Corporation. The Summit Agro logo is a trademark of Sumitomo Corporation. All other trademarks are the property of their respective companies. © 2022 Summit Agro USA LLC.

Registered crops and disease targets:



GrapesPowdery Mildew



CucurbitsPowdery Mildew



Berries (including strawberries and other berry crops) Powdery Mildew

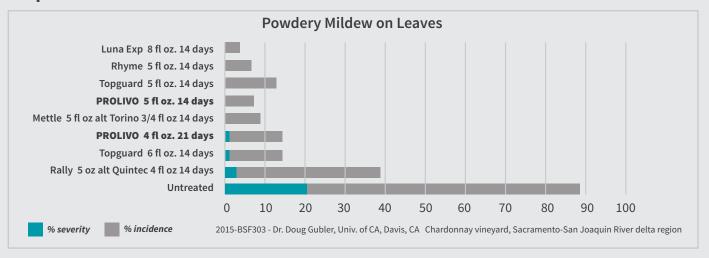


Fruiting VegetablesPowdery Mildew

GROUP 50 FUNGICIDE



Grape Disease Control



Evaluation of Fungicides for control of Powdery Mildew in Grapes

	MILDEW ON LEAVES		MILDEW ON BUNCHES	
	% incidence	% severity	% incidence	% severity
Untreated	100a	58a	100a	35a
PROLIVO 4 fl oz	1e	Of	0e	0d
Vivando 15 fl oz	0e	Of	0e	0d
Luna Exp. 6 fl oz	1e	Of	0e	0d
Rally 5 oz	78bc	5d	57c	1.5 vc
Topguard 10 fl oz	46cd	1.1e	26d	0.6c
Quintec 4 fl oz	95a	12.4bc	66b	1.7b

LSD	14.8	2.4
2010-BSF302 Nelson & Grove, Prosser, WA, White Riesling va	0	State Univ.

Untreated

PROLIVO 4 fl oz

Procure 8 fl oz alt

Quintec 4 fl oz

Topguard

MILDEW ON

LEAVES

severity

19.5

.5

1.7

1.4

incidence

92.5

26

13.5

MILDEW ON

BUNCHES

severity

65

11

15

12

12.4

incidence

100

59

69

62

28.7

2011-BSF303 Dr. Wayne Wilcox, Dept. of Plant Pathology Cornell University, Geneva, NY. Cultivar Chardonnay

PROLIVO is an invention and registered trademark of Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha, Ltd., and is manufactured and developed by ISK Biosciences Corporation; Luna is a trademark of Bayer; Rhyme is a trademark of FMC; Topguard is a trademark of Cheminova; Mettle is a trademark of Isagro USA Inc.; Rally and Quintec are trademarks of Dow Agrosciences LLC; Vivando is a trademark of BASF; Procure is a registered trademark of MacDermid Agricultural Solutions, Inc.

Applying PROLIVO

CROP	RATE	USE INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLYING PROLIVO
Caneberry Crop Subgroup 13-07A; Bushberry Crop Subgroup 13-07B; Small Fruit Vine Climbing Crop Subgroup 13-07D; Low Growing Berry Crop Subgroup 13-07G, (except cranberry).	4-5 fl. oz.	 For use on all types of grapes (wine, table, raisin and juice). Applications to grape and similar vine climbing fruits should be made on a 14 day interval. Applications to strawberries and other berry crops should be made on a 7-10 day interval. For powdery mildew control, begin fungicide applications preventatively and continue as needed as per instructions above. Use the low rate and long interval as disease preventative sprays or when disease conditions are low. Increase to highest rate and shortest interval under moderate to heavy disease pressure.
Cucurbit Vegetable Group (9)	4-5 fl. oz.	• For powdery mildew control, make fungicide applications on a 7-10 day schedule beginning with initial flowering or when disease conditions are favorable for disease development, but prior to disease development. Use the low rate and long interval as disease preventative sprays or when disease conditions are low. Increase to highest rate and shortest interval under moderate to heavy disease pressure.

